# **Principles of Marketing**

## **Session 7**

# Strategic Planning and Marketing Process

Text: Chapter 2, Appendix 2





I. Discussion on Strategy
II. What is Strategic Planning
III. Steps in Strategic Planning
IV. Planning Functional
Strategies



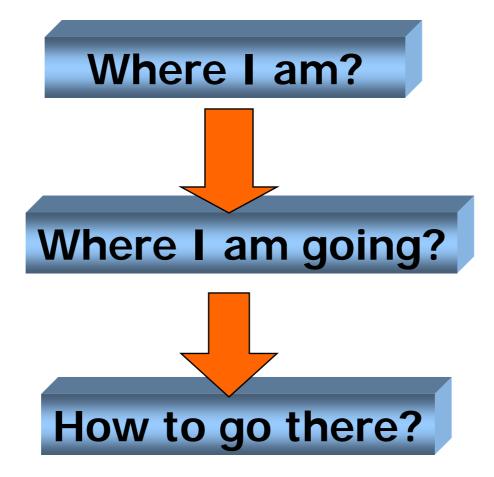
## I. Discussion on Strategy

- 1. What is Strategy?
- 2. Competitive Strategies in Different Positions
- 3. Three Generic Strategies
- 4. The Five Determinants of Industry Profitability
- 5. Alternative Views of Strategy





## 1. What is Strategy?



# 2. Competitive Strategies for Marketers in Different Positions

- > Market Leader
- Market Challenger
- Market Follower
- Market Nicher

## 3. Three Generic Strategies

5-6

- Cost leadership
- > Differentiation
- > Focus

Michael E. Porter



# **Generic Strategies**

5-7

### TARGET MARKET

**Narrow** 

**Broad** 

Product Mix Width **Narrow** 

Wide

**Focused Differentiation** 

Cost Focus **Product Differentiation** 

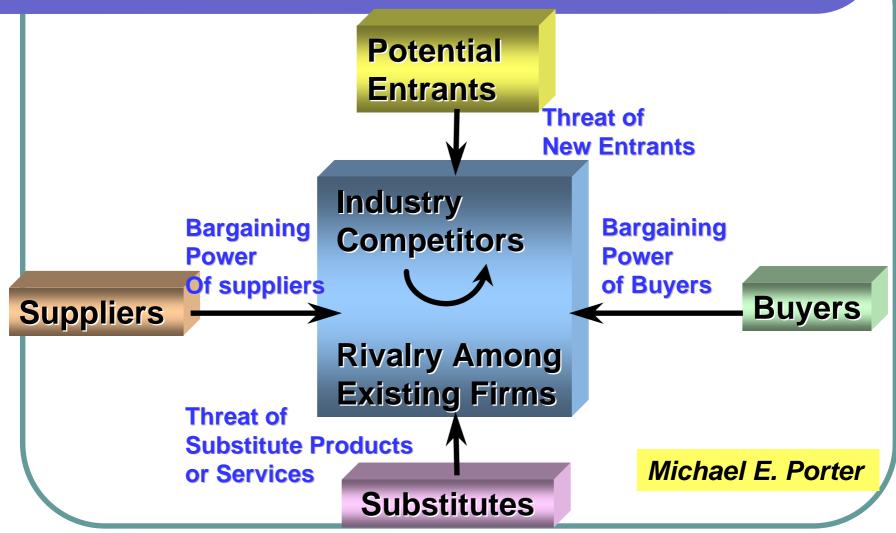
**Cost Leadership** 

Michael E. Porter





# 4. The Five Competitive Forces that Determine Industry Profitability





Adaptive view: seeking of a fit between company and its environment by a series of analysis tools (SWOT, BCG...).



Resources-based view: seeking of flexibility and learning ability of company in order to be proactive with the environmental changes.



## II. What is Strategic Planning? 5-10

- 1. Strategic Planning Defined
- **Key Factors to Success**
- 3. Limitation of Strategic **Planning**



# 1. Strategic Planning Defined

5-11

The process of developing and maintaining a strategic <u>fit</u> between the organization's goals and capabilities and its changing marketing opportunities.

Organization's goal and capacities



**Changing marketing environment** 





After a long time of consideration, it is getting clear that the following factors are indispensable to success:

- > Strategic Intent
- Organization Structure
- > Economy Logic





Since the marketing environment is becoming more and more uncertain (measured by the rate of change) and complex (measured by the extent to which the company's activities are involved), the strategic planning is often questioned about.

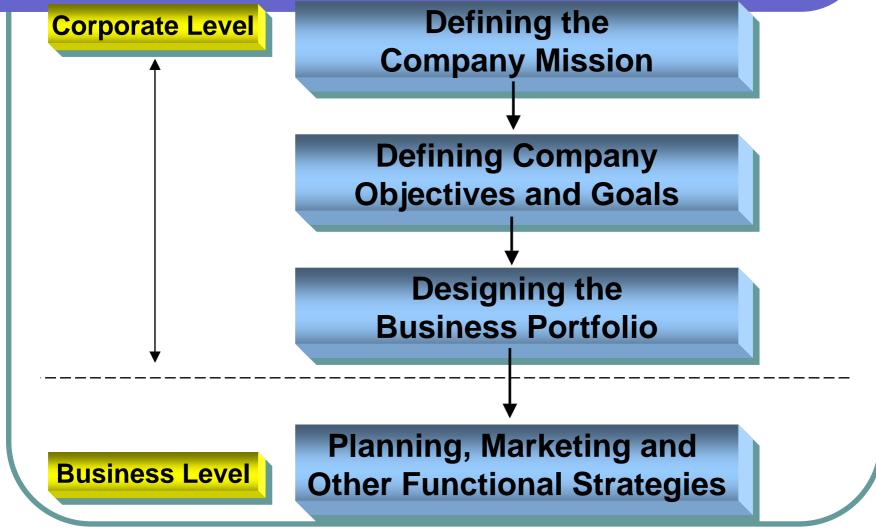
"Ultimately the term 'strategic planning' has proved to be an oxymoron."

(Mintzberg)





## III. Steps in Strategic Planning





## **Mission Statements**

5-15

# Characteristics of Good Mission Statements:

- > Vision
- > Market Oriented
- > Realistic
- > Specific
- Distinctive Competencies
- > Motivating





Ericsson's mission is to understand our customer's opportunities and needs and to provide communication solutions better than any competitor. In doing this, Ericsson can offer its shareholders a competitive return on their investment.

— Ericsson's Home

Page, July 1998





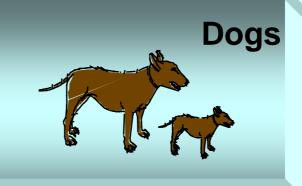
## The BCG Growth-Share Matrix

Market Growth Rate Low High









High Low Relative Market Share





## The GE S. BIZ-Planning Grid

5-18

### **Business Strength**

**Average** Weak **Strong** High Medium Low





# More complex, reflecting combined factors:

- > relative market share
- market growth rate
- > market size
- industry profit margin
- > amount of competitors
- business strength

### Less often used





**Existing Products** 

New **Products** 

**Existing** Markets

1. Market **Penetration**  3. Product **Development** 

New Markets 2. Market **Development** 

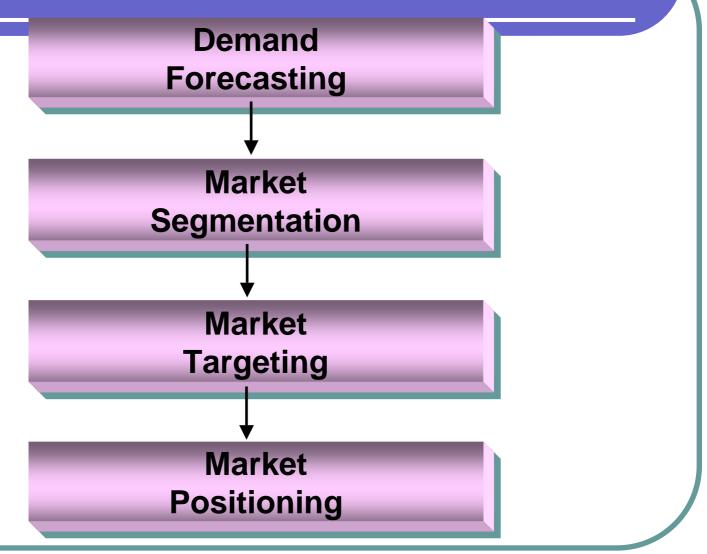
4. Diversification





- > Guiding Philosophy
- > Inputs to Planning
- Strategy Design

## **Strategic Decisions of Marketing**



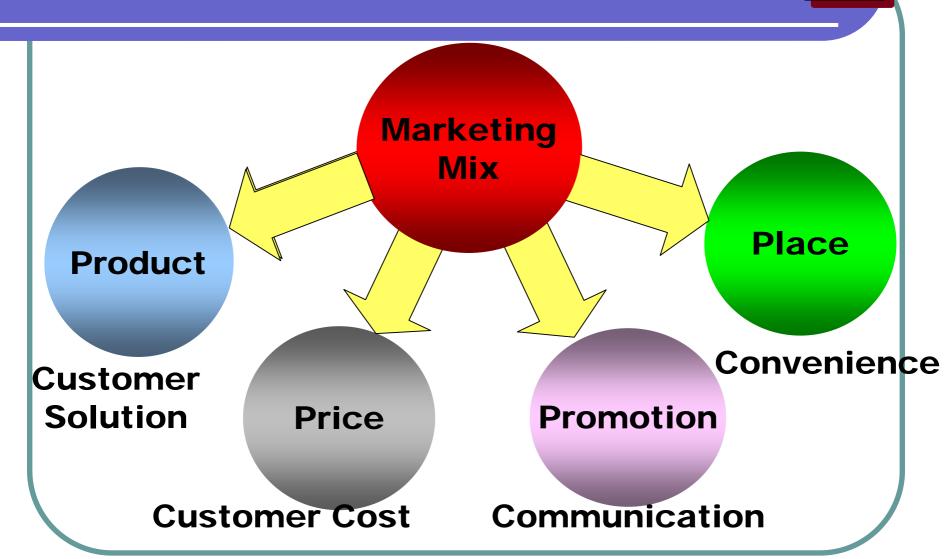




# The Marketing Process at the Functional Level



## The Four Ps -- The Four Cs







## **Extended Marketing Mix**

### **PRODUCT**

Variety
Quality
Design
Features
Brand name
Packaging
Sizes
Add-ons
Warranties
Returns

#### **PRICE**

List price
Discounts
Allowances
Settlement and credit terms

**TARGET CUSTOMERS** 

INTENDED POSITIONING

### **PROMOTION**

Advertising
Personal selling
Direct marketing
Synchronous
marketing

### **PLACEMENT**

for customer service

Demand chain management Logistics management Channel management

#### **PEOPLE**

People interacting with people is how many service situations might be described. Relationships are important in marketing

#### **PROCESS**

In the case of 感igh-contact?services, customers are involved in the process. Technology is also important in conversion operations and service delivery

#### PHYSICAL EVIDENCE

Services are mostly intangible. The meaning of other tools and techniques used in measures of <u>satisfaction</u> are important

国协问字阮 叩切宫钥子糸

**Executive Summary** 

**Market Situation Analysis** 

**SWOT Analysis** 

**Marketing Objectives** 

**Marketing Strategy** 

**Action Programs** 

**Budgets** 

**Controls** 





- 1. What's the position of business portfolio analysis as related to the planning of marketing mix?
- 2. How do you evaluate the diversification of many Chinese home appliance companies into the computer industry in the early 2000's? (cont.)





## Questions

3. To predict for the outcome for力帆、波导、小天鹅's entry into automobile industry, what key factors or information do you need to know?

